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## Molecular mechanisms of dengue virus infection

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**Stellingen**  
behorende bij het proefschrift

**‘Molecular Mechanisms of Dengue virus infection’**

1. The fact that a small increase in fusion activity can have dramatic effects stresses the miraculous ingenuity of dengue virus, and our lack of imaginativity.  
*This thesis*
2. The antibody-driven tropism of dengue for macrophages can contribute to prolonged disease.  
*This thesis, & P. Borrow et al. (1995) J. Virol. 69(2): 1059 – 1070.*
3. Interferon is not inherent to *intrinsic* ADE.  
*This thesis, contrary to Halstead, S.B. (2014) “Dengue antibody-dependent enhancement: knowns and unknowns. Microbiol. Spectrum 2(6): AID-0022-2014. doi:10.1128/microbiolspec.AID-0022-2014.*
4. The correlate of protection for a dengue vaccine should not be discussed while we still have not defined protection itself.  
*This thesis, and based on: Undurraga, E.A. et al. (2015) PLoS Negl. Trop. Dis.*
5. Theoretically, it is unethical to continue the dengue vaccine trials without a proper ‘correlate of protection’. Practically, it goes against one’s ethics to be so theoretical.  
*Based on: Plotkin, S.A. (2010) Clin. Vaccine Immunol. 17: 1055 – 1065*
6. It is better to be infected before being vaccinated.  
*This thesis*
7. Primary human cells are more informative to study pathogenesis since they better reflect the in vivo host – pathogen interactions, and donor variances. Therefore, results from primary cells should be more appreciated.
8. Apparently, males exist since they complement women.  
*Based on: Rasmus Nielsen (2006) Science 311: 960 – 961*
9. Pessimists are careful optimists.

Jacky Flipse, 26 oktober 2015